## Honors Geometry

## Notes Section 1.3

**Use Midpoint and Distance Formula** 

## **VOCABULARY**

Midpoint: M; a point that divides a segment in half.

Segment Bisector: a point, ray, line, line segment or plane

that intersects a segment at it's

midpoint.

Midpoint Formula: I. Number Line

(Endpoint + Endpoint)
2

II. Coordinate Plane

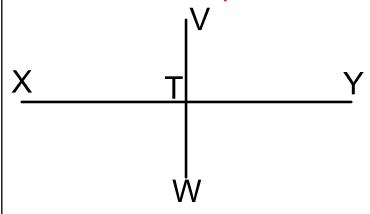
$$\binom{(x_1+x_2)}{2}$$
,  $\binom{(y_1+y_2)}{2}$ 

Distance Formula:

$$(x_2-x_1)^2 + (y_2-y_1)^2$$

## **EXAMPLES**

1) VW bisects XY at T, and XT=39.9cm. Find XY.



2) M is the midpoint of VW. Find VM.

3a)	Find the $M$ of RS. $R(1,-3)$ and $S(4,2)$	M
<b>V</b> 0.7		***



c) Find endpoint V. M(-1,-2) and W(4,4)  $V_{----}$ 

Find RS. 4a) Find AB. b) R(2,3) and S(4,-1) A(-3,2) and B(1,-4)