

# Geometry

## Notes Section 1.5

### Describe Angle Pair Relationships

#### VOCABULARY

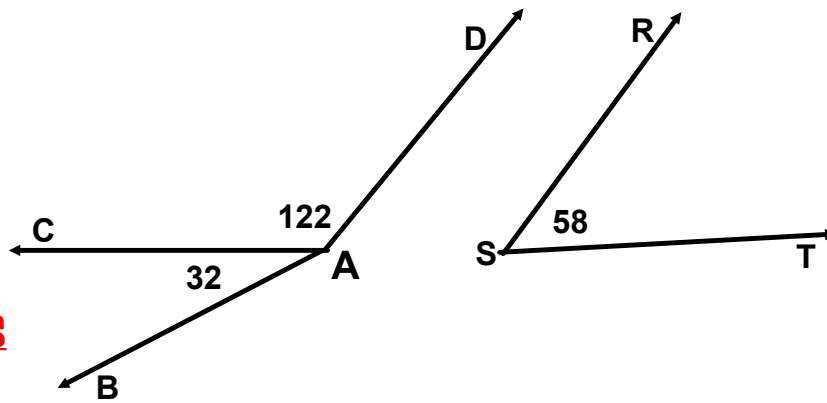
Complementary Angles: 2 or more angles whose sum is 90 degrees.

Supplementary Angles: 2 or more angles whose sum is 180 degrees.

Adjacent Angles: angles that share a common side and vertex

Linear Pair: adjacent angles whose noncommon side forms a line.

Vertical Angles: angles formed by intersecting lines, have a common vertex and are directly across from each other.



**EXAMPLES**

1) Name a pair.

a) Complementary Angles

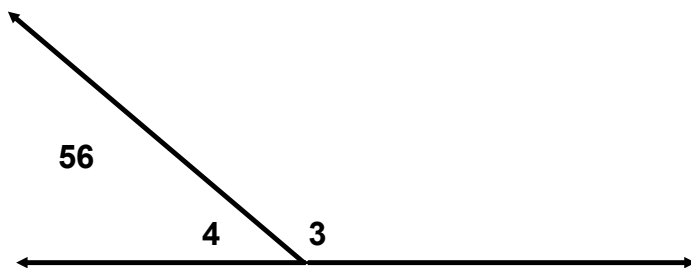
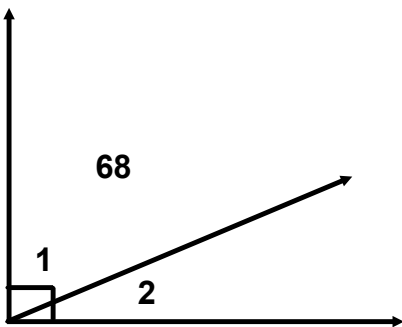
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b) Supplementary Angles

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c) Adjacent Angles

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2) Find the measure of the angle.

a) Angle 2

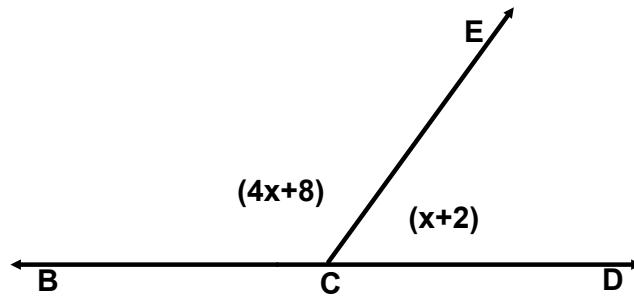
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b) Angle 3

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**EXAMPLES**

3) Find the indicated angle.



a) Angle BCE = -----

b) Angle ECD = -----

c) Angle LMN and Angle PQR are complementary angles. Find the measures of the angles if the measure of LMN =  $(4x-2)$  degrees and the measure of PQR =  $(9x+1)$  degrees.

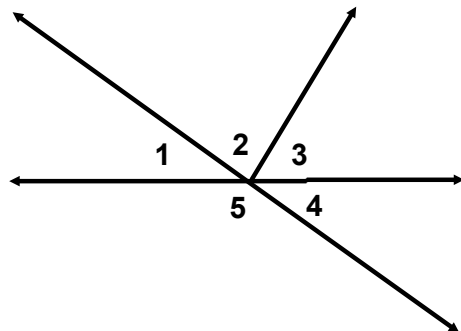
4) Identify all pairs.

a) Vertical Angles

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b) Linear Pair

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**EXAMPLES**

- 5) Two angles form a linear pair. The measure of one angle is 5 times the measure of the other. Find the measure of each angle.

